

**Anti-GGT1 / GGT Antibody (aa180-193)**  
**Goat Anti Human Polyclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog # ALS17917**

**Specification**

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**Anti-GGT1 / GGT Antibody (aa180-193) - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC-P, E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P19440</a>
Predicted	Human, Monkey
Host	Goat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	61410
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~N/A E~~N/A

**Anti-GGT1 / GGT Antibody (aa180-193) - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 2678

**Alias Symbol** GGT1

**Other Names**

GGT1, CD224 antigen, CD224, Ec 2.3.2.2, Glutamyl transpeptidase, GTG, Gamma-glutamyltransferase, Glutathione hydrolase 1, GLUTATHIONURIA, Gamma-glutamyl transpeptidase, Gamma-glutamyltransferase 1, Gamma-glutamyltranspeptidase 1, GGT, Leukotriene-C4 ...

**Target/Specificity**

Human GGT1 / GGT. Reported variants represent identical protein: NP\_038347.2, NP\_001027536.1, NP\_001027537.1, NP\_005256.2.

**Reconstitution & Storage**

Immunoaffinity purified

**Precautions**

Anti-GGT1 / GGT Antibody (aa180-193) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**Anti-GGT1 / GGT Antibody (aa180-193) - Protein Information**

**Name** GGT1

**Synonyms** GGT

**Function**

Cleaves the gamma-glutamyl bond of extracellular glutathione (gamma-Glu-Cys-Gly), glutathione conjugates (such as maresin conjugate (13R)-S-glutathionyl-(14S)-hydroxy-(4Z,7Z,9E,11E,16Z,19Z)- docosahexaenoate, MCTR1) and other

gamma-glutamyl compounds (such as leukotriene C4, LTC4) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17924658" target="\_blank">17924658</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21447318" target="\_blank">21447318</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27791009" target="\_blank">27791009</a>). The metabolism of glutathione by GGT1 releases free glutamate and the dipeptide cysteinyl-glycine, which is hydrolyzed to cysteine and glycine by dipeptidases (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27791009" target="\_blank">27791009</a>). In the presence of high concentrations of dipeptides and some amino acids, can also catalyze a transpeptidation reaction, transferring the gamma-glutamyl moiety to an acceptor amino acid to form a new gamma-glutamyl compound (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17924658" target="\_blank">17924658</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21447318" target="\_blank">21447318</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7673200" target="\_blank">7673200</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7759490" target="\_blank">7759490</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8095045" target="\_blank">8095045</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8827453" target="\_blank">8827453</a>). Contributes to cysteine homeostasis, glutathione homeostasis and in the conversion of the leukotriene LTC4 to LTD4.

#### **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Single-pass type II membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P07314}

#### **Tissue Location**

Detected in fetal and adult kidney and liver, adult pancreas, stomach, intestine, placenta and lung. There are several other tissue-specific forms that arise from alternative promoter usage but that produce the same protein

#### **Anti-GGT1 / GGT Antibody (aa180-193) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

#### **Anti-GGT1 / GGT Antibody (aa180-193) - Images**